	ed States Patent A	AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22: www.uspto.gov	FOR PATENTS
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/713,772	11/14/2003	Yoshihiro Mori	09496/0200199-US0	8762
7278 7590 01/28/2009 DARBY & DARBY P.C. P.O. BOX 770			EXAMINER CRAIG, PAULA L	
Church Street Station New York, NY 10008-0770		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3761	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/28/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	10/713,772	MORI ET AL.				
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	PAULA L. CRAIG	3761				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe			ress			
THE REPLY FILED 05 January 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.						
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: 						
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
b) X The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
	Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). <u>NOTICE OF APPEAL</u> 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of						
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).						
 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for 						
appeal; and/or						
(d)						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1.		mpliant Amendment (l	PTOL-324).			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		('	t a su a Para de s			
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al non-allowable claim(s).		-	-			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.						
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:						
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:						
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-3 and 8</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>9</u> .						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu	t before or on the date of filing a No	otice of Appeal will <u>not</u>	be entered			
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).						
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. <u>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</u>						
11. X The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet.						
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s) 13. ☐ Other:						
/Tatyana Zalukaeva/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3761	/Paula L Craig/ Examiner, Art Unit 3761					

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues that Brugger only utilizes actual measured data as opposed to using theoretical values for comparison purposes. Applicant argues that abnormal behavior in the Brugger system is detected by sensors and not through the calculations done within an evaluation unit. However, Brugger teaches monitoring basic safety functions, giving notice of alarm conditions, and shutting down the system when trouble conditions occur (col. 22, lines 47-51, col. 26, lines 6-52, col. 27, lines 37-53, col. 31, lines 9-18). It would not be possible to do this without at least some idea of the theoretical values expected from the system. In addition, obtaining theoretical values and checking them against measured values is well known in the art. Note that U.S. Patent No. 5,399,157 to Goux et al. teaches obtaining theoretical value and checking them against measured values in a blood purification device, to make sure the device is operating properly (theoretical value is the known value of the reference liquid; Goux, Abstract, col. 3, line 52 to col. 6, line 15, Claim 1).